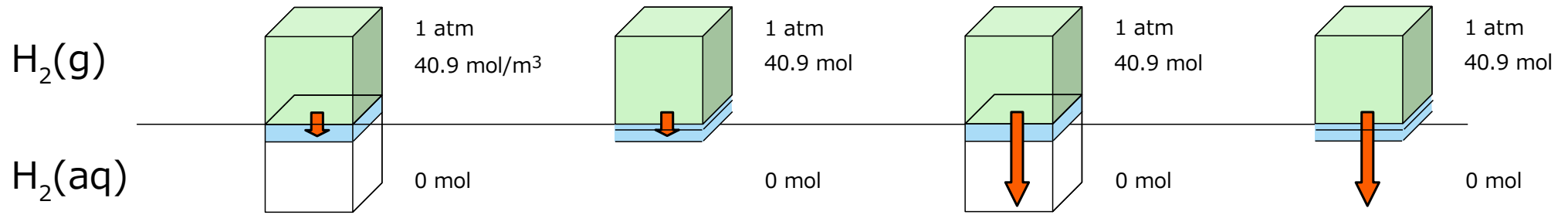


$k_L$ , 体積あたりの接触面積から予測される水素供給能力。水中の $H_2$ 分圧を0気圧と仮定している。

$H_2$  supply estimated from  $k_L$ , water volume, and interface area.  $p_{H_2}$  in water is kept at 0 atm.



Depth	水深 1 m	水深 1 mm (水膜)	水深 1 m (激搅拌)	水深 1 mm (水膜)
$k_L$	$k_L = 16 \text{ cm/h}$ ( $CO_2$ 海洋世界平均)	$k_L = 16$	$k_L = 160$ (激搅拌)	$k_L = 160$ (激搅拌)

(flux)	$40.9 \frac{\text{mol}}{\text{m}^3}$	$0.1264 \frac{\text{mol}}{\text{m}^2 \text{ h}}$	$1.264 \frac{\text{mol}}{\text{m}^2 \text{ h}}$	$1.264 \frac{\text{mol}}{\text{m}^2 \text{ h}}$
$= \frac{C_{H_2 \text{ in air}}}{(\text{Henry Volatility})} \times k_L$	$\frac{40.9}{0.79} \times 0.16 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{h}}$			
	$= 0.1264 \frac{\text{mol}}{\text{m}^2 \text{ h}}$			

Volume of water	$1 \text{ m}^3$	$1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$	$1 \text{ m}^3$	$1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$
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$H_2$ supply	$0.0742 \frac{L_{H_2}}{L_{\text{water}} \text{ day}}$	$74.2 \frac{L_{H_2}}{L_{\text{water}} \text{ day}}$	$0.742 \frac{L_{H_2}}{L_{\text{water}} \text{ day}}$	$742 \frac{L_{H_2}}{L_{\text{water}} \text{ day}}$
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$k_{La} = k_L \times \frac{A}{V}$	$0.16 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{h}} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}^2}{1 \text{ m}^3}$	$0.16 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{h}} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}^2}{0.001 \text{ m}^3}$	$1.6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{h}} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}^2}{1 \text{ m}^3}$	$1.6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{h}} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}^2}{0.001 \text{ m}^3}$
	$= 0.16 \frac{1}{\text{h}}$	$= 160 \frac{1}{\text{h}}$	$= 1.6 \frac{1}{\text{h}}$	$= 1600 \frac{1}{\text{h}}$